F Michaelmas Trial Practice 1

1.	Calculate 239×7.2 .	1720.8
2.	Calculate $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{5} \times 2\frac{1}{4}$.	$\frac{7}{5}$
3.	$P = 2^{10} \times 3^2 \times 7^3$ $Q = 2^8 \times 3^6 \times 5^2$	
	(a) Write (as a product of primes) the HCF of <i>P</i> and <i>Q</i>.(b) Write (as a product of primes) the LCM of <i>P</i> and <i>Q</i>.	$HCF = 2^8 \times 3^2$ $LCM = 2^{10} \times 3^6 \times 5^2 \times 7^3$
4.	Expand and simplify $(2x - 3)^3$.	$8x^3 - 36x^2 + 54x - 27$

5. Solve the following for *x*.

(a) $\frac{4}{2x-3} = 8$.	$x = \frac{7}{4}$
(b) $a(x-b) = b(x+c)$.	$x = \frac{ab+bc}{a-b}$
(c) $(x-3)(x+4) = (x-1)(x+10)$.	$x = -\frac{1}{4}$
(d) $3 \times \frac{1}{9^{x-2}} = \frac{27^x}{3^{2-x}}$.	$x = \frac{7}{6}$
(e) $\frac{x-3}{2} - \frac{4-3x}{4} = 3x - \frac{x-1}{2}$.	$x = -\frac{12}{5}$

6. In a building 50 people were asked as to whether they enjoyed rugby and/or football. 27 liked rugby. 25 liked football. 5 liked neither. How many liked rugby but not football?

7. Solve the following simultaneous equations for x and y.

(a)	2x + 3y = 10 $4x - 2y = -4$	$(x, y) = (\frac{1}{2}, 3)$
(b)	0.4x + 0.8y = 1 0.2x + 0.6y = 2	$(x, y) = (-\frac{25}{2}, \frac{15}{2})$
(c)	x + ay = 1 2x + 3y = -1. [Express answers as single fractions.]	$(x, y) = \left(-\frac{a+3}{2a-3}, \frac{3}{2a-3}\right)$

8. A Venn diagram has three sets A, B and C. $A \cap B = \emptyset$. $C \subset A$. Draw the Venn diagram.

A and B not overlapping. C entirely within A

- 9. Prove the result that the angle subtended in a semi circle is 90°.
- 10. Draw a Venn diagram with three overlapping sets *A*, *B* and *C*, which overlap in the normal way. Shade the region $A' \cap (B \cup C)'$.
- 11. What is the smallest integer that 288 must be multiplied by to make it a perfect cube?
- 12. If Adriana can paint the fence in 7 minutes and Cindy can paint the same fence in 2 minutes, how long will it take them working together?
- 13. If *x* Etonians can annoy *y* beaks in *z* days, how long will it take *a* Etonians to annoy *b* beaks? $\frac{bxz}{ay} = \frac{bxz}{ay}$